## Welcome to Seven Best Practices for Risk Communication Training

## Where would you take Gwen and I if we were visiting your community?



#### What we'll talk about today

Our response to risk

Best practices for risk communication

# Grounded in research and experiences



#### Share your ideas and experiences

What does risk communication mean to you?

Share in the chat



"Exchanging thoughts, perceptions, and concerns about hazards to identify and motivate appropriate actions."

# "Risk communication is about a dialogue and a process, not a monologue and a product."

-Joe Cone, Social Scientist

#### **Risk Communication Challenges**

"Getting people to take action"

"Making it real and tangible"

"Sense of urgency"

"Knowing what actions to take and when"

"Right level of information"

### Our Response to Risk

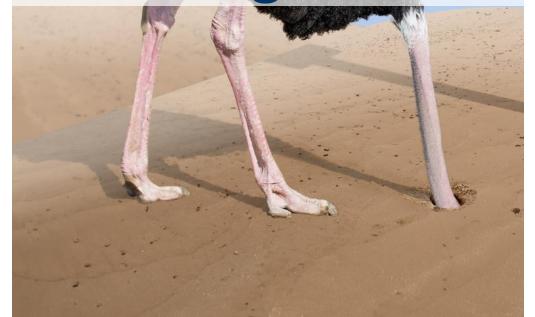


## Risks that are personal and urgent get our attention

## Past experiences inform our response to risk



## We are wired to look on the bright side





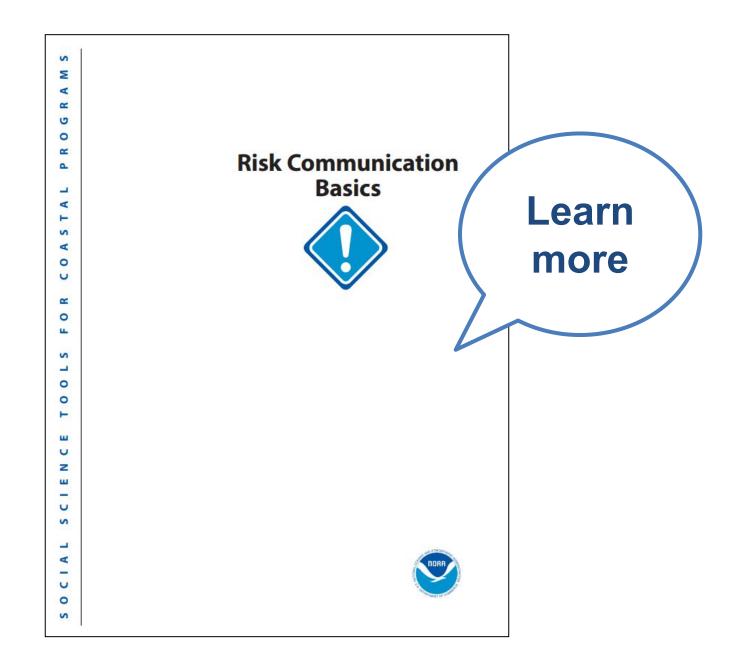


## We need to think we have the ability to take action

## Which of these have you seen before?

### Share the letter of your response in the chat:

- A. Past experiences
- B. Look on the bright side
- C. Influenced by people around us
- D. Cherry-pick information
- E. Barriers to taking action



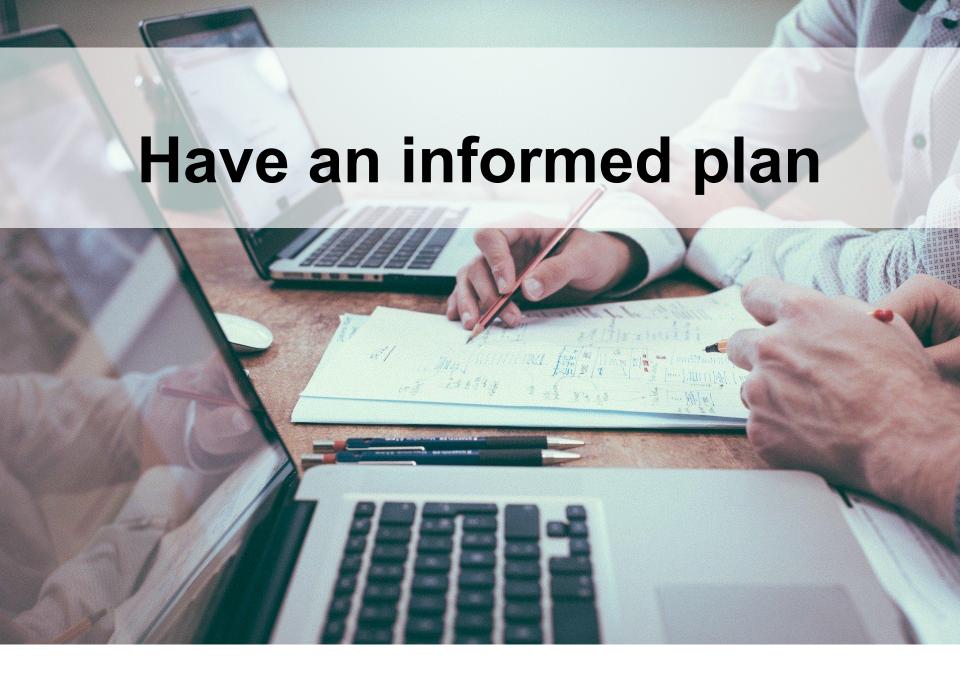
# To be a better communicator, understand what influences your audience's response to risk

### **Best Practices**

## Seven Best Practices for Risk Communication

#### 1. Have an informed plan

- 2. Get to know your audience
- 3. Establish partnerships
- 4. Explain the risk
- 5. Explore options to reduce risk
- 6. Use framing to develop your message
- 7. Use multiple ways to communicate











Step 1: Define your audience and goal



Get specific with your audience

## Identify what you want to accomplish with your risk communication

Neighbors learn about sea level rise and its impacts

City council funds your project and other restoration projects

Local school kids volunteer

### Share in the chat

Who do you want to communicate with and why?





**Step 2: Understand your audience** 

Step 3: Connect with your audience about risks



Each interaction with your audience provides a powerful opportunity to learn about that group and share information about coastal hazard risks. This quick reference leads you through the planning process and provides examples of how others are approaching this task.

Part 1 - Identify Audience and Goal

Part 2 - Outline Content and Format

Part 3 – Identify Logistics

Part 4 - Identify Materials and Supplies

Part 5 – Read about Tools, Techniques, and Examples of How People Are Interacting

**BEFORE YOU BEGIN:** Before you start filling in this worksheet, have you determined your priority audience? Is your audience narrowed down as much as possible to ensure that your interaction is most effective? Have you defined your risk communication goal? Do you know what ways your audience likes to interact on this topic? If you responded "no" to any of these questions, start with the risk communication strategy template found at this address:

coast.noaa.gov/digital coast/training/risk-communication-strategy.html

5. Describe partners who can help plan and implement the event. Identify the roles, responsibilities, and joint goals of each partner. Consider partnering with a community-based organization that is trusted by the community. Ideally, these partners would help design the activities and help facilitate the interaction.

6. Describe trusted sources and how they will interact with the audience. Consider who has existing relationships with your audience and what roles they should play during the interaction.

7. Describe how you will help participants identify risk reduction options. Here's a best practice to consider: engage a diverse group of stakeholders and come up with risk reduction options together. Share what your organization is doing, but also ask people to share what they would like to see happen and what they personally can do.

Describe how you will keep the conversation going after this event. Risk communication is not a one-time conversation. Ask your audience for ideas and preferences for how future events or interactions should be designed.

9. Describe how you will share updates. It's important to follow through on what you say you will do and share updates on progress. Let participants know how their input will be used and follow up (for example, through a notice in a newsletter the audience already receives, an email list participants can sign up for to receive information about the next event or conversation, by sharing your contact information.)



#EveryStoryCounts – Fabiola Lopez

#### Case study

Design your engagement to meet the needs of your audience



#### **Case study**

Design your engagement to meet the needs of your audience

## Seven Best Practices for Risk Communication

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3. Establish partnerships

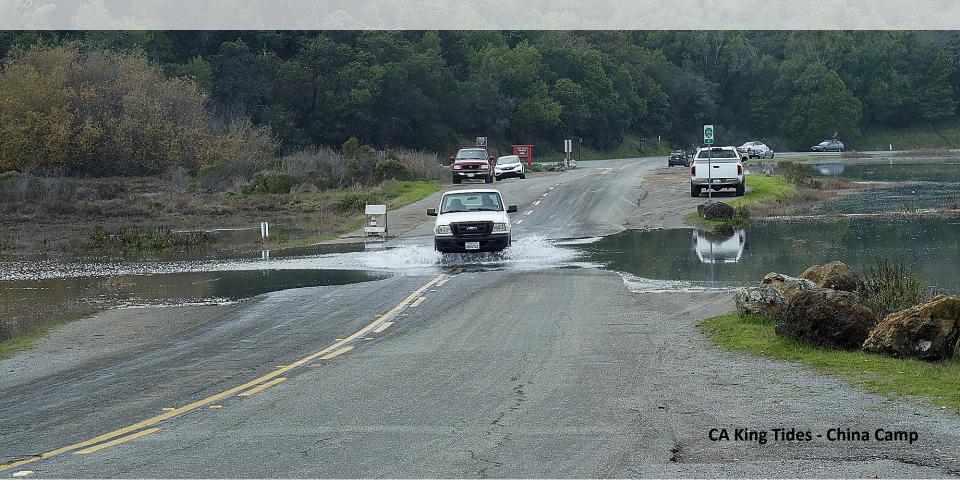
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### What is their experience with the hazard









What are some ideas for how you could learn more about the people you want to connect with?

Share your thoughts in the chat

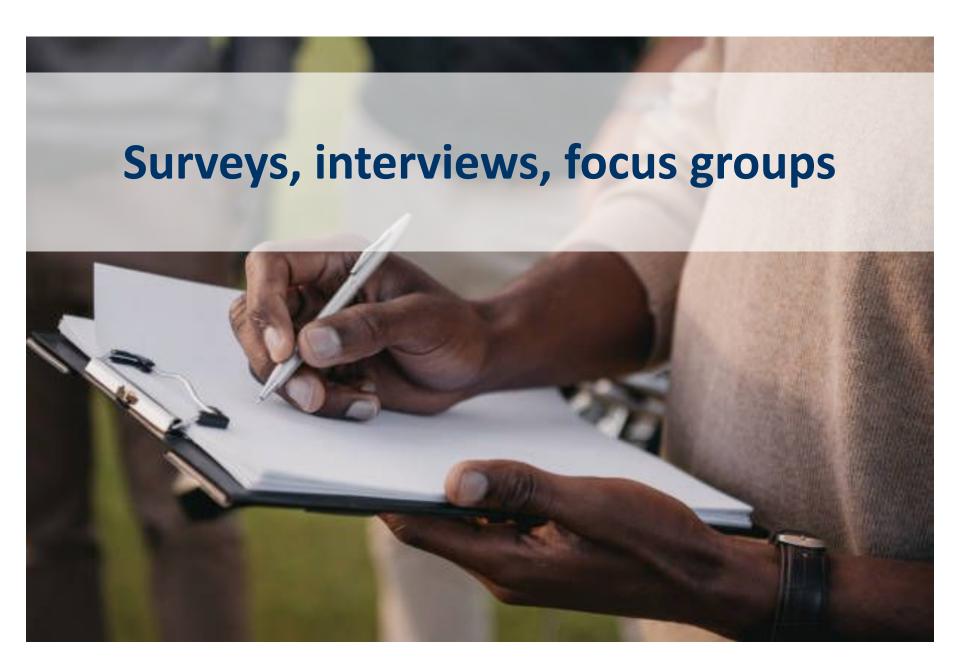
#### Talk with people



Sources: West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project



# Use virtual tools if you are not meeting in person



### Case Study UPROSE survey helps learn about the community



Climate & Community
Health Vulnerability
Assessment (CCHVA)

in Sunset Park

We are gathering data related to climate and health vulnerabilities such as:

- how extreme weather events impact a waterfront community
  - what access to healthcare looks like
  - underlying health conditions of the neighborhood
  - heat vulnerability and COVID-19

The data collected from this survey is kept confidential and will allow us to better advocate for the community!

Survey available in Spanish, Chinese, & Arabic

**UPROSE** 

Please go to uprose.org to take the survey
If you have any questions, contact Shahela@uprose.org
or call 718-492-9307

#### Be a good listener

"If we were meant to talk more than listen, we would have two mouths and one ear."

-Mark Twain

## Go to your audience Don't expect them to come to you

#### **Case Study**

Street teams add to community engagement





# Foster trust through relationship building

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**Look for** groups already working with your audience

### Case Study Connecting with people through food



Chef Tsadakeeyah demonstrates vegan soul food cooking in the Bronzeville Community Garden. Source: The Field Museum, ECCo

# Case Study Planting Dreams teaches youth urban agricultural methods







Source: Planting Dreams



### Work together to create and share consistent information



#### Case study

Partners working together to reduce flood impacts

Who could you partner with that your audience trusts?

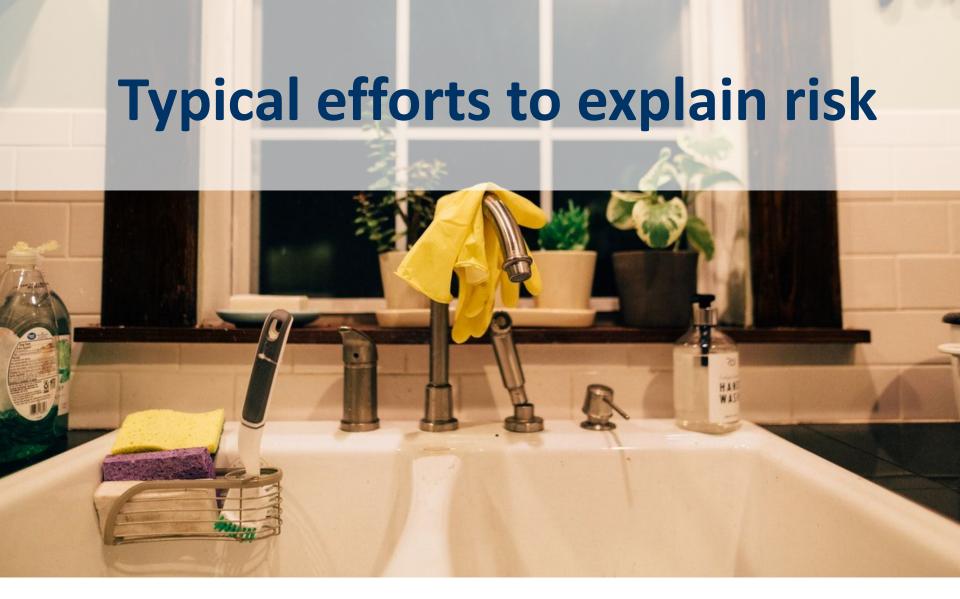
Share in the chat

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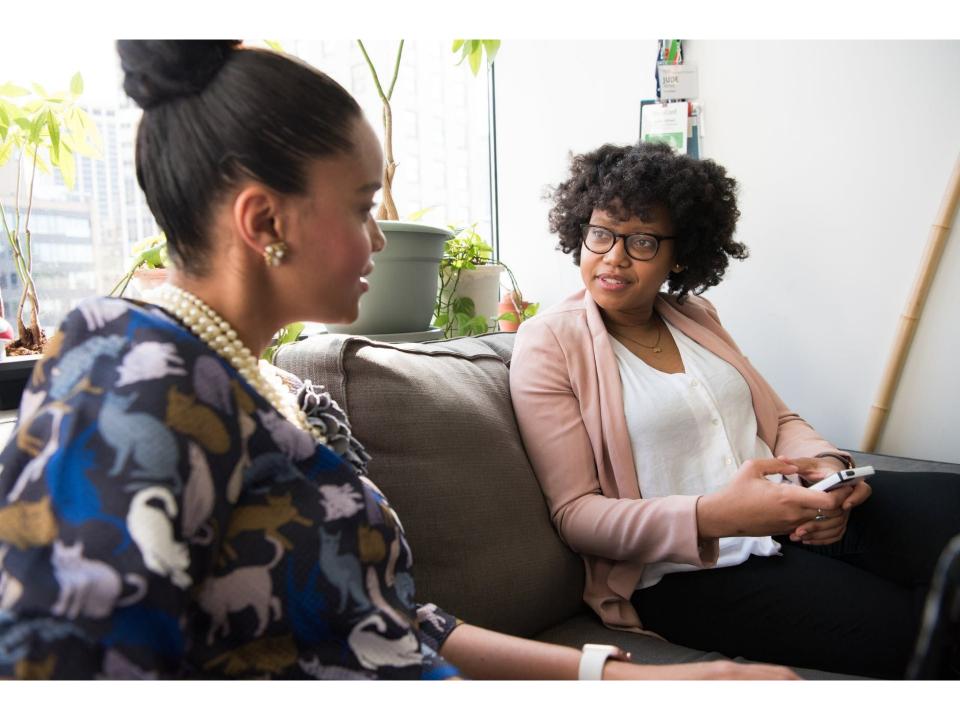


# What people really need to know

What might happen?

What impacts and for how long?

What can I do about it?





#### Visuals are a great tool to help Explain the Risk

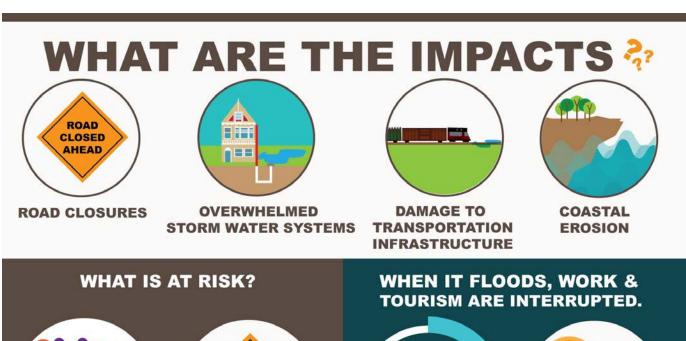
#### **Photos**



Jack London at current sea level

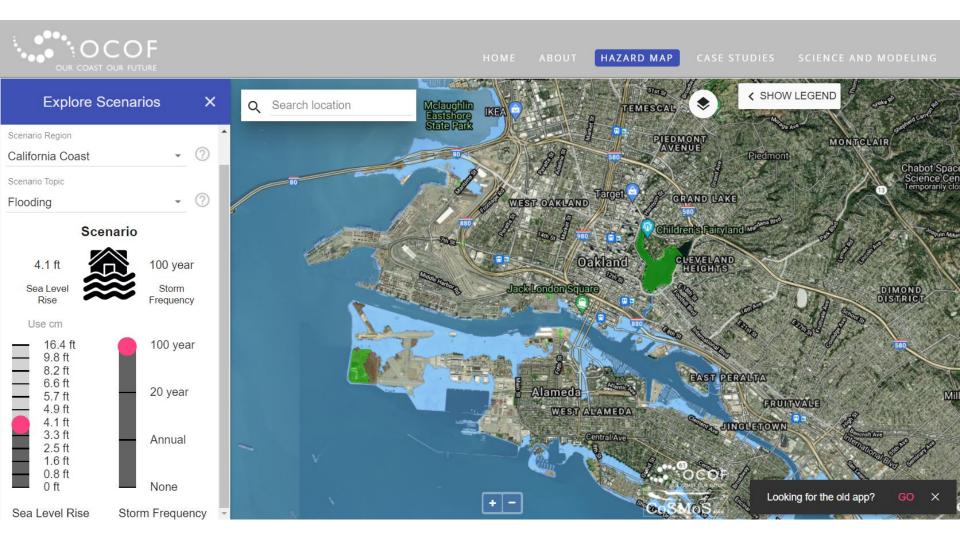
Jack London with 5 ft sea level rise

#### **Infographics**





#### **Online Mapping Tools**





#### **Words Matter**



"What if..."

What tool do you think will resonate with your audience?

Share in the chat

- A. Stories
- **B.** Photos/Visuals
- C. Maps
- D. Other share your ideas!

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# Create a way to discuss solutions



#### Case Study

#### Visualization tool helps people see solutions





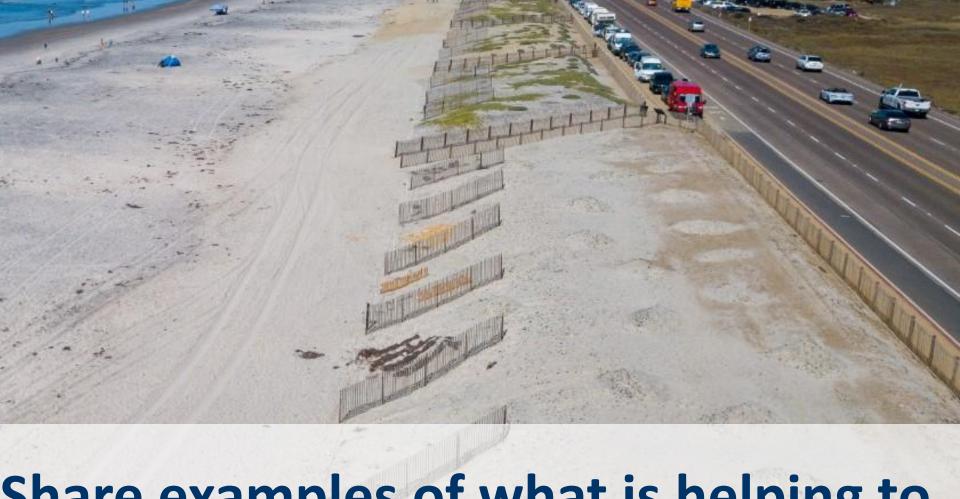
Scenarios from the Owls with no flooding, King Tide flooding and responses



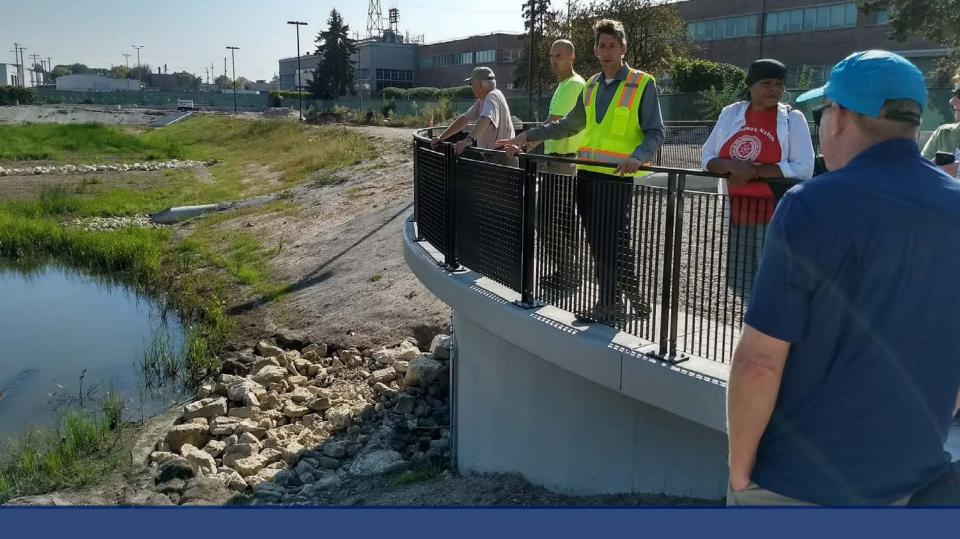


#### Case Study

Games help communities prioritize solutions



Share examples of what is helping to reduce risk



#### **Case Study**

Tours let people see options in action

# Consider solutions with multiple benefits







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# Framing is what you say and how you say it





#### Case study

Lessons learned from sea level rise conversations

A <u>preparation frame</u> focuses on the benefits of taking steps to prepare for impacts





# Metaphors can help explain unfamiliar concepts



What metaphors have you heard or used to talk about risk concepts?

Share your thoughts in the chat

#### Test your message

Test with your audience

Use focus groups, surveys, conversations

Ask open ended questions

Incorporate what you learned

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#### Use a method that will reach your audience



## Case Study Virtual open house

#### Astoria Landslide Ordinance Online Open House

#### **Final Questions**

Do you have other comments? What else should the City think about as we draft the ordinance? Is there anything else you would like to know about landslide risks and susceptibility in Astoria?	
	t are the best ways to increase property owners' and residents' landslide awareness and get their feedback on the proposed ordinance? (Check all that apply.) Email
	City website
	Social media
	Radio
	Mailing and newsletters
	In-person events (as possible)
	Door-to-door outreach (as possible)
	Other
Wha	t neighborhood do you live in? (Select one.)
Se	elect

Sign up for updates and stay informed about the draft ordinance

What is your name? Email address

#### Continue the dialog



Sources: West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project

#### MEETING-IN-A-BOX



#### **Case Study**

Using a variety of methods to talk about risk

# Consider what communication expertise or skills you need

# Risk communication is a marathon, not a sprint

Which best practice or tip will you try in the next 6 months?

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#### **Get Audience Feedback**

### Click on the survey link in the chat to give us feedback

#### **Thank You!**

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